miles of shore, at least two persons holding either a GMDSS Radio Operator License or a Restricted GMDSS Radio Operator License, as specified in §13.7 of this chapter.

- (e) Each ship transporting more than six passengers for hire equipped with a radiotelephone station in accordance with Part III of Title III of the Communications Act must carry a radio operator who meets the following requirements:
- (1) Where the station power does not exceed 250 watts carrier power or 1500 watts peak envelope power, the radio operator must hold a marine radio operator permit or higher class license.
- (2) Where the station power exceeds 250 watts carrier power or 1500 watts peak envelope power, the radio operator must hold a general radiotelephone operator license or higher class license.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 54 FR 40058, Sept. 29, 1989; 68 FR 46962, Aug. 7, 2003]

§80.161 Operator requirements of the Great Lakes Radio Agreement.

Each ship subject to the Great Lakes Radio Agreement must have on board an officer or member of the crew who holds a marine radio operator permit or higher class license.

$\$\,80.163$ Operator requirements of the Bridge-to-Bridge Act.

Each ship subject to the Bridge-to-Bridge Act must have on board a radio operator who holds a restricted radiotelephone operator permit or higher class license.

§80.165 Operator requirements for voluntary stations.

MINIMUM OPERATOR LICENSE

Ship telephone, with or without DSC, more than 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power.

Ship telephone, with or without DSC, not more than 250 watts carrier power or 1,000 watts peak envelope power. Ship telephone, with or without DSC, not more than 100 watts carrier power or 400 watts peak envelope power:

[68 FR 46962, Aug. 7, 2003]

GENERAL OPERATOR REQUIREMENTS

§ 80.167 Limitations on operators.

The operator of maritime radio equipment other than T-1, T-2, or G licensees, must not:

- (a) Make equipment adjustments which may affect transmitter operation;
- (b) Operate any transmitter which requires more than the use of simple external switches or manual frequency selection or transmitters whose frequency stability is not maintained by the transmitter itself.

§ 80.169 Operators required to adjust transmitters or radar.

- (a) All adjustments of radio transmitters in any radiotelephone station or coincident with the installation, servicing, or maintenance of such equipment which may affect the proper operation of the station, must be performed by or under the immediate supervision and responsibility of a person holding a first or second class radiotelegraph operator's certificate or a general radiotelephone operator license.
- (b) Only persons holding a first or second class radiotelegraph operator certificate must perform such functions at radiotelegraph stations transmitting Morse code.
- (c) Only persons holding an operator certificate containing a ship radar endorsement must perform such functions on radar equipment.

 $[51\ FR\ 31213,\ Sept.\ 2,\ 1986,\ as\ amended\ at\ 54\ FR\ 40058,\ Sept.\ 29,\ 1989]$

§ 80.175 Availability of operator licenses.

All operator licenses required by this subpart must be readily available for inspection.